# Meet in the Middle

March 13, 2019

### Last week's exercise

Solution on whiteboard.

## Last week's exercise (cont.)

- First work on paper, then start coding.
- Try to write code to debug your program. You are working with functions that try to look as random as possible.
- When you get stuck, send me an email or hop by my office. I am there to teach you things.

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- Skinny-128-128, 64-bit block, 128-bit key
  - 128-bit block
  - 128-bit key
  - 40 rounds
  - 19 rounds broken

## **SKINNY Round Function**



 $S_4 = [C 6 9 0 1 A 2 B 3 8 5 D 4 E 7 F]$ 

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

## SKINNY Tweakey Schedule



 $P_T = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 15 & 8 & 13 & 10 & 14 & 12 & 11 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$  $LFSR_{TK2} = (x_3 ||x_2||x_1||x_0) \rightarrow (x_2 ||x_1||x_0||x_3 \oplus x_2)$ 

# Breaking Skinny

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- ► How far can we go?
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  - ▶ CPU 2<sup>50</sup> time
  - Memory 2<sup>40</sup> bits

# Let's break SKINNY

Whiteboard

# Summary

- Find the influence of each unknown round key nibble
- Find the output nibble that can be computed with the most unknown key nibbles after r rounds.
- Do the same for the backward direction, but now match on the central nibble.
- Now we need to implement the solution.
  - Mask expansion to compute the key/roundkeys.
  - Filter to match on the inner state.
  - 'Partial' cipher (extra care should be given for decryption).
  - Partial bruteforce.
- TEST your code before trying to tackle full exercise
  - Especially test the datastructures you use/implemented.
  - Test if your cipher generates the right ciphertext.
  - Test if for a triple (m, c, k) your program succeeds.
  - Test the attack on fewer rounds.
- Now download the challenge and run your program.
- Celebrate! Or tweak your program.

### For next week

- Finish last weeks exercise.
- For the ones who did not do it yet send me your CPU model and amount of RAM