

Project: Toy Cipher Competition

June 3, 2020

Overall structure

Two phases:

- ▶ Design phase - Everyone designs a cipher.
- ▶ Analysis phase - Everyone analyses the ciphers published.

Design phase

The design of your cipher determines the base score for the project.

- ▶ Specification of the cipher (Description, Testvectors).
- ▶ Reference implementation (Python).
- ▶ Optimized implementation.
- ▶ See project document for details.

Design guidelines

- ▶ 64-bit key and a 64-bit block size
- ▶ Specify the number of rounds
- ▶ Use known components
- ▶ Argue security of your cipher

Analysis phase

You can score bonus points during the analysis phase by:

- ▶ Partially breaking a cipher.
- ▶ Full break of a cipher.
- ▶ Providing an optimized implementation that is better than the designer's.

Note 1: If your cipher gets partially broken during the analysis phase there is no penalty, if it gets fully broken you cannot score the full 100 points for the project.

Note 2: Only the fastest optimized implementation gives bonus points.

Grading

Design:

- ▶ If you hand in a useable cipher specification you get: 60 points.
- ▶ Clear, concise and technically accurate specification: +/- 20 points.
- ▶ Cipher design: +/- 20 points.
- ▶ Clear reference implementation: +/- 10 points
- ▶ Not meeting the security requirements: - 20 points.

Analysis:

- ▶ No analysis done: -20 points.
- ▶ Full break: +15 points.
- ▶ Partial break: +10 points.
- ▶ Optimized implementation (fastest implementation, per cipher): +10 points.

Designing a cipher

- ▶ Don't reinvent the wheel, try to look at other designs.
- ▶ Keep it simple, don't add too much clutter (no security through obscurity).
- ▶ Remember that you need to defend against:
Differential/Linear cryptanalysis and MitM attacks.
- ▶ Borrowing components from proven designs is OK, stealing not (cite and give a rationale why you chose this component).

Designing a cipher (1)

- ▶ Basicly two main choices: SPN and Feistel networks.
- ▶ Then you need to choose a linear and non-linear layer.
- ▶ Create a key schedule.
- ▶ Determine how many rounds the cipher should be to provide the security required (64-bit).
- ▶ Security vs Speed

Designing a cipher (2)

Some inspiration:

- ▶ The TC0X series (these are deliberately weak so be careful).
- ▶ SPN: AES, Skinny, LED, Midori
- ▶ Feistel: HIGHT, Speck, Simon, LEA, RC5, DES
- ▶ Orr: KATAN, KTANTAN

Deadlines

- ▶ Design (soon): 10-06-2020
- ▶ Analysis: 01-07-2020

Please start early and as always if you have questions ask (early).